# DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 100 094 EC 070 589

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TITLE Curriculum Guide for the Work-Study Program, 1974.

PUB DATE 74
NOTE 63p.

PDRS PRICE MF-\$0.75 HC-\$3.15 PLUS POSTAGE

DESCRIPTORS Behavioral Objectives: \*Curriculum Guides: \*Educable

Mentally Handicapped; Employment Qualifications; Exceptional Child Education; Mentally Handicapped; Prevocational Education; Program Descriptions;

Secondary Education; \*Vocational Education; \*Work

Study Programs

IDENTIFIERS Fairfax County: Virginia

ABSTRACT

Presented is the 1974 work-study program curriculum guide from Pairfax County, Virginia for mildly retarded secondary school students. The vocational program's four-fold goal is to develop curriculum materials, train personnel, develop instructional techniques, and provide logistics support to future the employment potential of students. The program description provides charts which correlate the goals to the following objectives: improving communication skills and developing personal/social and specific occupational skills. Responsibilities of intermediate and high school staff members are listed. Job placement and termination procedures noted include screening eligible students and evaluating student work experience. Sample lists of needed vocational, academic, social, and personal skills are delineated for the following core areas: consumer and home management (child care), public service (food service), business (clerical and stock clerk), and construction helper. Guidelines and diagrams are given for classroom and occupational laboratory organization. Program forms and program evaluation components are listed. An appendix contains forms for an opinion survey, lesson plans, student progress reports, work-study program agreements, and followup procedures. (LH)



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# CURRICULUM GUIDE For the Work-Study Program 1974



FAIRFAX COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Department of Instructional Services Special Education Division Fairfax, Virginia

This curriculum guide for the Work-Study Program is a result of the efforts, interest, and enthusiasm of the following people.

Their sincere commitment in developing a more viable educational program for special students is gratefully acknowledged.

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# SECTION I

# **PHILOSOPHY**

Prerequisite to the planning and development of a viable curriculum for the mildly retarded at the secondary school level is a philosophy from which the objectives of curriculum are devined.

We believe the population of students classified as mildly retarded are capable of obtaining and maintaining resourceful positions in competitive employment which will afford them economic self-sufficiency in adult living. As special educators, we recognize the inherent worth of each student as an individual and devote our professional efforts and energies toward assisting the special student in manifesting those abilities and talents which enable him or her to achieve self-fulfillment in adult life.

Implicit in the special nature of the students being served is the need for special teaching techniques and learning materials. Thus, the difference between special instructional programs and those designed to regulareducation students is not in a reduction of the standards of quality for education, but in the methods employed to achieve those standards.

The following guide to curriculum development for the mildly retarded is not submitted as a panacea for secondary MR programs in Fairfax County Public Schools. It is an alternative to past program organization and management. Though it does not reflect the range of professional expertise demonstrated by special educators, it does provide a foundation upon which we can cooperatively build a curriculum, limited only by our ingenuity and expectations?

Finally, most important in developing and implementing any new educational program is the nature and extent of our commitment to students. We share a commitment which is best summarized in the words of Haim Ginott for his work Teacher and Chila, A Book for Parents and Teachers:

I am the decisive element in the classroom. It is my personal approach that creates the climate. It is my daily mood that makes the weather. As a teacher, I possess tremendous power to make a child's life miserable or joyous. I can be a tool of torture or an instrument of inspiration. I can humiliate or humor, hurt or heal. In all situations it is my response that decides whether a crisis will be escalated or descalated, and a child humanized or de-humanized.



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# SECTION II

# PROGRAM INTROJUCTION

Ilthough some kind of labeling seems essential in dealing with groups of children, the labeling and categorizing of children who have special needs that are below average in particular need careful attention. There is a growing uneasiness and perhaps even unfairness in these labels. That particular problem is one each school and school system has to define for itself and to work out with satisfaction.

All children can learn the same general kinds of things, though obviously not in the same way. The key problem is that not all teachers want to teach those children who are in need of special services, and who are in point of fact difficult to teach.

The practice of teaching children who are below average in special classes has grown up over the years as a remedy to aiding those children in their search for finding ways of making their lives more meaningful and productive.

The problem is too often simplified. To some the problem is how to isolate the children (form special classes around them) in order to prepare them to enter the real life of the average classroom—to find a way to get them to enter the mainstream. To others, it is a way of keeping the children from the regular classroom so as to provide them with the special services they require in order to cope with the work—a-day world they will soon enter.

Thus, in a practical sense the issue boils down to which special kind of teacher will assume responsibility for the primary instruction of the child or youth who is different.

Besides those with obvious handicaps—vision and hearing impairment, physical defects, speech impediments, and emotional and mental retardation—there are scores of children who are simply below average in ability and capacity. They are not abnormal. They are not mentally ill. They are not emotionally disturbed. According to our complex, technological society, they are simply not as well equipped mentally as others.

Notice that the problem is relative to others, not necessarily to the person. Relative to others, the mildly retarded person finds himself or herself not as well endowed. Unfortunately, and too often, a social stigma is attached to one's overall ability.

Consequently, the special needs of the mildly retarded are those very often associated with adjustment to the expectations of others--teachers, parents and those responsible for the educational system, and, later, employers responsible for productive usefulness.

Given these special concerns, the needs of those children in secondary schools take on a special dimension. For coupled with the knowledge that they are not good enough to be average, these children are also coming to grips with maturational and adolescent growth. In the most transforming of all leaps into adulthood, adolescence, the young person is, in addition, facing what the world has to offer him or her beyond only relatively mild success.



In many cases the school, as the linchpin in the process of giving the student skills enough to cope with the modern world, lacks the resources, the stamina, the energy, and the wit to piece together effective and long-lasting programs of substance for the mildly retarded of secondary school age.

Consequently, the school finds itself in the position of attempting to decide on placement, instead of adaptation to meet the tremendous needs of young adolescents ficing the double disadvantage of finding their adult identity, and finding themselves not good enough (in the eyes of others) to be "average." For the hardy, it is a difficult challenge. Without encouragement and help from scores of specially trained personnel, it is a fantastically difficult road to travel for the emerging adolescent.

For many schools, the progress that has been made has been exemplary.

Public information has brought the needs to public consciousness. Many children have moved successfully back and forth from working with their regular teachers to working with their special teacher. Many children have been identified early to prevent further retardation. More conscious efforts at the local school level have in some instances increased the funds that otherwise might not have gone for the mildly retarded. State legislatures have enacted state statutes for the benefit of such children. The Congress has even appropriated more funds than ever before to meet the rising concerns over the needs of the special students.

But clearly much more can be done, and needs to be done.

Of crucial concern in the coming months and years are special curriclum programs, and new instructional techniques necessary to satisfy the special needs of the mildly retarded and to do justice to a comprehensive integration of the best in new knowledge and its applications.

Some of these special concerns include: the proper identification of children with special needs, the development of special programs that lead to gainful employment, the development of curricular materials that focus on the development of skills necessary for obtaining and maintaining a position or job in society, variable instructional techniques among regular classroom teachers, special education teachers, and special information-sharing sessions with parents, volunteers, and other personnel interested in the development of programs for these children.

The point to remember, for those planning and working with children and youths of mild retardation, is that all of the "normal" preparatory skills associated with schooling--academic training, college preping, and the like-are not applicable.

Given that certitude, the question becomes: What is schooling for the mildly retarded--what can school offer that will have some lasting value?

This is not simply a rhetorical question. In asking it it is also necessary to say that one response is that schools ought to train young children and youth for gainful employment—and meaningful work. That may well be an overall goal.

This is even more essential when we speak about the necessity of schooling for the mildly retarded. Their hope is to work...it is not to continue further schooling.

As a result, an important link in the whole process is the attitude of the employer. The entire focus of this developmental program, to be administered by Fairfax County schools, is to develop a meaningful curriculum for vocational orientation.

Generally, the needs consist of the follog four areas: (1) curricular, (2) instructional, (3) personnel, and logistics.

Using these general areas as ways of integrating the changes necessary to develop a strong program for the mildly retarded of secondary school age, we proceed to outline ways in which we can adapt the best of our current programs with what we currently hold about new forms of improvement.

Thus, given this schema, the following issues become apparent:

# CURRICULAR ISSUES IN CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

- Vocational
- Job Orientation and Placement
- Career Counseling
- Testing and Evaluation
- Task Analyses

# INSTRUCTIONAL ISSUES IN CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

- Laboratory Sessions and Grouping
- Team Planning
- The Development of Behavioral Objectives
- Sequential Skills Divelopment
- Testing
- Wock-Study Coordination

# PERSONNEL CONSIDERATIONS IN CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

- Program Specialist
- Area Coordinators
- Area MR Specialists
- Principals
- Resource Teacher /Chairpersons
- MR Touchers
- Regular Classroom Teachers
- Parents
- Community Resources
- Volunteers

# LOGISTICAL AND SUPPORT SERVICES IN CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

- Intra-County Coordination
- Schoduling and Plant Facilities
- Transportation
- Community Service Agencies
- Public Information Channels



From past experience, educators associated with the mildly retarded have found that four general kinds of employment opportunities are most often obtainable by these students. This developmental curriculum will be grouped around these four themes:

- Construction trades
- Business practice
- Public service
- Consumer and home management

Potential employment level in the four areas listed will be raised if the student is properly trained.



# SECTION III

# PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The general overall goal of the program will be to develop suitable curriculum materials, develop suitable instructional techniques, train appropriate personnel, and nelp find suitable employment for the mildly retarded youths of Fairfax County schools. This will be accomplished through:

- Pre- and post-educational and pre- and post-vocational diagnosis of each student
- Ungraded student grouping according to selected vocational interest categories
- Individualization of instruction through
  - . Diagnostic test results
  - . Organization of classroom structure to permit hands-on activites in simulated vocational lab stations and individual and small-group learning centers
  - . Sequential skill progress charts
  - . Utilization of rylevant instructional materials and equipment
- Behavioral objectives and task sheets delineating materials, methods and results prepared for students in each vocational grouping
- Team coordination and planning by resource teacher/chairman to permit maximum interdigitation of team members concerning
  - . Personal, social, academic and vocational needs and achievements of each student
  - . Consistent actions to achieve behavior modification
  - . Appropriate materials and methods
  - . Regrouping
  - . Ongoing educational and vocational diagnosis
- Longitudinal program coordination by area MR specialist to insure
   Continuity between high school work-study programs and inter
  - mediate programs

    Ongoing curriculum modification and development
- Uniform job placement, on-the-job training and termination procedures
- Increased parental support and involvement through
  - . Parent-teacher group meetings
  - . Volunteer classroom aides
  - . Community resource support
  - . Transportation
  - . Evaluation and modification of curriculum







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The ultimate goal will be to place people in job-oriented and work-related positions. The curriculum will lead to the comprehensiveness of that kind of education and training. For example: At the end of the student's participation in the Consumer and Home Management segment of the curriculum, he or she will have successfully demonstrated competence in the following skills:

- Ability to be interviewed for a job and to pass (that is, the interviewer decides to hire)
- Ability to relate responsibly with fellow workers by carrying on conversations and initiating them, including those with friends and with total strangers
- Ability to request help and advice from supervisors, and to request assessment of performance
- Ability to resolve disputes, both real and probable, with fellow workers and potential supervisors

The development of curricular units will be geared towards a specific curricular goal.

For example, a module of training will be simulations in a special inter-viewing room whereby students exchange roles as interviewer and interviewee, and critical observer. Some of these better sessions, staged beforehand, could be videotaped and used as source materials for further training in other classes.

By the same token, other modular units could be tested and developed which create potential conflicts between youth workers and supervisors. These could then be resolved in class discussions, in labor bargaining, and in discussions with union leaders.



# SECTION IV

# PROGRAM GOALS AND OBJECTIVES FOR SECONDARY WORK-STUDY PROGRAM

106187108	In presently assigned spaces and times	·		
PERSONNEL	MR teachers and regular classroom teachers with the cooperation of principals, supervisors, and coordinators, and in association with locally identified community vocational leaders	-		
INSTRUCTION	To provide for increased use of specific work examples related to chosen vocational areas in all basic skills areas			
CURRICULUM	To integrate the present academic curriculum into the vocationally oriented curriculum and program			
PROGRAM GOALS	f. To improve communication skills, especially the basic skills of listening, speaking, quantitative reasoning, writing, and reading, as a result of student interest in a specific vocational area	A. To identify a set of diagnostic instruments to discover ways of improving the teaching of these skills	B. As a result of increased knowledge about student potential, to individualize the basic skills program for those students	C. To identify and implement a series of resources and techniques for individualizing the diagnosed needs of those students



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†	PROGRAM GOALS AND OBJECTIVES	CURRICULUM	INSTRUCTION	PERSONNEL	L0G1ST1CS
_	l às mai	To increase cooperative curriculum planning	To use small-group discussions to increase	Special MR teachers and coordinators in coopera-	
	student aptitude and	among vocational and	student awareness of	tion with selected regular classroom teachers	Special testing areas
	within four vocation-	and requiar and special	aptitudes, and what they		
	al areas: business				student and parent
	practices, consumer		The indestruction of the	leaders as appropriate and suitable	conterences
	and nome management, public services, and	tic test results into	pendent study sessions		
	construction trades	more specific curriculum	for practice on required	Resource aides and vol- unteers for labs and	rooms for conducting discussions and deci-
	A. To identify (and			lent study	sions about student
	or develop)	V.	lop more	sions	placements in one of
	use tests that		priate devices to im-	4	the rout vocationar
			prove the instructional	Curriculum planners and staff development	areas
	interest		awareness about job	specialists	
_	•		potential		
	B. At the intermodi-				
			To expand the number of		
	dents to explore		Field trips		
	tional areas	1			
		•			
	high		***		
				ζ.	0
	sult of diagnosis	·	•		
	to be counseled			ť	
					•
	four vocational areas				
	D. Senior and possi-			z.	
	bly son	عمر			
	to experience on-			·	
OT	O.T.				
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	<u>1061871CS</u>	Small-group discussion rooms or cubicles	n	special	and special trips	Individual planning	sessions for integra-		tion among teachers	Grancoortation as	required (perhaps		sponsors	•	Arrangement	ings to dis	the development of	attitudes													•	,		
	PERSONNEL	Special teachers in cooperation with class-	room teacher	Special resource person-	nel (curriculum coordina-	tional specialists)	•	, Aides and volunteers who	can lead community field	trips	Rusiness leaders who can		senta		Small-group instructional	specialists	•	Andiovisual experts and	media specialists					•	<i>:</i>								:	
	INSTRUCTION	S C C	discussion of attitudes about home, school, com-	personal	<u> </u>	and rights	To expand the number of	field trips to the courts	community service	agencies, local govern-	ment offices	(	number of civic leaders.	to make presentations	and make themselves	available for counseling	and consultation				services through employ- ment and the like		cit the a	local business groups			r.			÷		. 1		
,	CURRICULUM	To insure the integra- tion of the present cur-	riculum into the special curriculum in terms of	personal and social work	-	values about home, school	make necessary refine-	ments	•		lar units in behavioral	objectives specifically	for the implementation of personal and social	lues, and	•							:.			1			··		-				•
	PROGRAM GOALS AND OBJECTIVES	<pre>II. To develop personal and social attitudes</pre>	essential for successful living at school	in the con		A. To develop per-		like good groom-	ing, sound health	habits, and ac-	ceptable atti-	ruges coward work	and self-appraisa	B. To develop social	attitudes such as	relating to	others, and re-	spect for the		leges of self and	others	C. To deve	making skills such	as child-rearing	practices, house-	hold managing,	and positive nus-		tionships	(continued)		¢		

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C	PROGPAM GOALS AND OBJECTIVES	II. Continued	D. To develop personal habits relating to punctuality, depend-	tive, cooperation, and awareness of the thresholds of strong emotions; to develop respon-	sibility and acceptance for the consequences of personal actions	E. To develop posi- tive behaviors supporting demo-	civic responsibilities, such as local and state government, and local judicial processes and laws		:	21
	CURRICULUM							•		
,	INSTRUCTION				•					•
	PERSONNEL				. *.			•		
	LOGISTICS				,				e e	

	SOLISIOOT	More time scheduled around the occupational skill development during regular class sessions  Establishment of a student-sponsored store within the school which buys, sells, advertises, and grows in sales and grows in sales couragement of the use of alternate space during regular school hours for occupational skill development  Experimentation with shared time and space with local employers and businesses  Community transportation for special sertion for special	1:3 1
	PERSONNEL	Coordination of team planning and teaching sessions Encouragement of principals to become more knowledgeable about occupational skill development Appointment of represently employers as partners in the cluster skill development Promotion of staff development about occupational skill development exercises among classroom teachers about occupational skill development	
	INSTRUCTION	To arrange visits to occupational centers of major employers  To organize small-group discussion and study sessions for focus on worker plans for social security, benefits, retirement, health, vacations, and pension focus on interviewing, recruiting, retention, and promotion policies  To arrange for team teaching sessions on occupational cluster components  To invite business speakers, labor leaders, and union organizers	•
14	CURRICULUM	To coordinate preoccupational and identified skills clusters with the new program design  To discuss with business leaders areas of occupational curriculum development  To identify pre-packaged curriculum for possible refinements for occupational skill development  To establish an occupational development  To establish and occupational development  To identify the development  To identify the development  To identify the development  To identified development	
ER Parabat Par	MCCROGRAM GOALS AND OBJECTIVES		

ERIC Praftice travalled by the	PROGRAM GOALS AND OBJECTIVES	V. Continued	c. To identify or develop a cluster of skills relating to the search for employment, the maintenance of employment, and the qualifications for promotion		ÞΊ
	CURRICULUM	,			
	INSTRUCTION			•	
	PERSONNEL				
¢	1061STICS			ê	

# SECTION V

# STAFF JOB ANALYSIS

# INTERMEDIATE PERSONNEL

# Responsibilities of the Resource Teacher/Department Chairman

- 1. Assist teachers in the individualization of instruction within vocational groupings
- Provide vocational counseling for students for the purposes of program planning
- 3. Coordinate with both high school and intermediate regular and special education teachers in organizing cooperative vocationally oriented projects for intermediate students
- 4. Provide class coverage for regular or special education teachers offering to participate in cooperative vocational projects
- 5. Serve as liaison between department and community in order to utilize outside resources such as guest speakers and places for field trip visitations
- 6. Serve as team coordinator to insure team interdigitation concerning
  - Personal, social, academic and vocational needs and achievements of each student
  - Consistent actions to achieve behavior modification
  - Utilization of appropriate materials and methods
  - Ongoing educational and vocational diagnosis
- 7. Participate in modification and evaluation of secondary curriculum with other resource teacher/chairmen and the MR specialist
- 8. Maintain program files which will include
  - Educational and (vocational diagnostic) test results
  - Student skill progress charts
  - Mid-year progress reports
  - Disciplinary referrals
  - Attendance records
  - Weekly behavioral objectives and task sheets submitted by team members
- 9. Participate in parent-teacher meetings
- 10. Coordinate instructional materials and equipment orders submitted by team members
- ll. Coordinate with teachers and MR specialist in determining appropriate programs for students on modified schedules, and those evidencing particular difficulties in academic skill areas



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# Responsibilities of the Classroom Teacher

- 1. Participate in educational and vocational diagnostic testing of each student
- 2. Prepare behavioral objectives for individual vocational groupings; and task sheets delineating materials, methods and results for each student within the group
- 3. Prepare mid-year progress reports on students, copies of which to be sent to parents and area MR specialist
- 4. Participate in weekly departmental team meetings
- 5. Prepare annual instructional materials and equipment orders for program
- 6. Participate in ongoing modification and evaluation of curriculum
- 7. Participate in parent-teacher meetings
- 8. Assist in planning of relevant field trips for students
- 9. Participate in the implementation of the Mk curriculum



# HIGH SCHOOL WORK-STUDY PERSONNEL

# Responsibilities of the Resource Teacher/Chairman/Job Placement Coordinator

# Resource

- 1. Provide liaison and support to regular vocational teachers and the MR students enrolled in regular vocational training programs
- 2. Assist in the implementation of the longitudinal vocational curriculum
- 3. Assist teachers in
  - Individualization of instruction
  - Coordination of academic program with occupational laboratories
  - Ongoing educational and vocational diagnosis

# Department Chairman

- 1. Conduct weekly department meetings to insure team interdigitation concerning
  - Personal, social, academic, and vocational needs and achievements of each student
  - Consistent actions to achieve behavior modification
  - Utilization of appropriate materials and methods
- 2. Provide counseling for students (disciplinary, vocational) with immediate feedback given to particular teachers involved
- 3. Review mid-year progress reports prepared by teachers with area MR specialist. Schedule parent conferences when applicable. Copies of the mid-year reports will be filed in student folders with area MR specialist.
- 4. Send through the chairman student referrals (disciplinary, parent conferences, drops/withdrawals, suspensions). With regard to student expulsions, the area MR specialist must be consulted prior to any action taken.
- 5. Coordinate and assist in preparation of program instructional materials and equipment orders
- 6. Attend monthly meetings with other program chairmen and area MR specialist for purposes of ongoing program evaluation and coordination
- 7. Develop slide-tape presentation with area media specialist for January parent meeting
- 8. Coordinate with teachers and MR specialist in determining appropriate programs for students on modified schedule and those evidencing particular difficulties in academic skill areas



# Job Placement Coordinator

- 1. Maintain student employment record files
- 2. Provide initial counseling for working students
- 3. Screen the specific kinds of employment selected by students for relevance to the student's vocational program
- 4. Arrange for transportation of students to and from job interviews
- 5. Contact employer prior to student interview
- 6. Maintain student files
  - Weekly time sheets
  - Quarterly employer evaluations
  - Interviewing records
  - Documentation of job terminations
- 7. Follow up on student's new employment with phone contact to employer after two weeks of work experience
- 8. Send to the area MR specialist copies of records designating the working students and their place of employment, along with any changes in work status

# Responsibilities of the Classroom Teacher

- 1. Prepare behavioral objectives for vocational groupings, and specific task sheets for each student within the group delineating materials and methods used and the results. Initially these task sheets will be submitted weekly to the chairman and periodically reviewed by the MR specialist. Objectives and task sheets will be kept on file within the department for purposes of curriculum evaluation, modification, resource and coordination.
- 2. Attend weekly department team meetings to
  - Reassess student groupings
  - Coordinate behavior modification techniques
  - Provide ongoing educational and vocational diagnosis for each student
  - Facilitate individualization of instruction (hands-on activities relevant to vocational interest are medium through which academic skills will be taught)
  - Discuss and plan for relevant field trips
- 3. Prepare mid-year student progress reports to be sent to parents
- 4. Submit recommendations to chairman for preparation of annual instructional materials and equipment orders
- 5. Participate in parent-teacher meetings
- 6. Participate in ongoing modification and evaluation of curriculum



# SECTION VI

# JOB PLACEMENT PROCEDURES

# I. SCREENING PROCEDURES

- Any job assumed by a student on an early-release basis must be related to his/her life-long vocational interest
- A cooperative work-study contract must be signed by the work coordinator, the high school principal, the parent, and the student prior to assuming employment
- Students must have obtained a satisfactory attendance record and an acceptable course record prior to being released for work experience
- Once obtaining employment, a student is required to remain on the job for a minimum of one month before changing employment. Should the student fail to meet this responsibility, he/she will be placed on suspension from employment for a nine-week period.
- The work study department will confer to determine the eligibility of a student for work experience
- The department chairman will assume the responsibility of giving a student permission for early release in conjunction with the approval of the area MR specialist. In the event there is a conflict of opinion between the chairman and the MR specialist, the area special education coordinator will be consulted.

# 11. STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES IN WORK EXPERIENCE

- Students will be required to turn in monthly time sheets to the work coordinator. These forms must be initialed by the employer.
- Evaluations of student work experience will be sent to employers every nine weeks and kept on file in the student's record folder
- Through the JPP and PPSW classes, students will participate in self-evaluations every nine weeks
- In case of absence, a student will notify his/her employer and the work coordinator before 10 a.m. on the day of absence. In the event the student neglects this responsibility more than twice, the work coordinator will schedule a conference with the student to determine appropriate action to be taken.

# 111. TERMINATION PROCEDURES

 Before quitting a job, a student will give his/her employer a minimum of two weeks' notice. Simultaneously, he/she will inform the department chairman, who will in turn inform the MR specialist.



- Having terminated a position, a student will be given no more than one week of early-release time to find new employment. During this week, a student will be required to submit to the work coordinator a daily record of where he/she has looked for new employment.
- The work coordinator will be responsible for contacting the student's previous employer for verification and documentation of the student's reason for termination
- Prior to any student's assuming employment on an early-release basis, he/she must supply the following information to the work coordinator
  - . Name of employer
  - . Place of employment
  - . Telephone number
  - . Hours working
  - . Salary
  - . Job description
  - . Work permit (if applicable)
  - . Transportation arrangements from school to work (parent confirmation is required for students who are walking from school to their place of employment)

# SECTION VII SAMPLE VOCATIONAL SKILL DESCRIPTIONS

the following are samples of vocational, academic, social, and personal skills essential in specific vocational training.

These may be used as guidelines for teachers in developing relevant lessons for students within a particular vocational core area.

# Reference Sources

Guide to Jobs for the Montally Retarded (Revised Edition), American Institute for Research (1964).

Rehabilitation Services Commission, State of Ohio, 4656 Heaton Road, Columbus, Ohio 43229



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# VOCATIONAL CORE AREA: CONSUMER AND HOME MANAGEMENT

### The student:

1. Knows and understands rules and regulations of the cooperative school work-study program

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- 2. Fills out application torms properly
- Secures birth certificate, worker's permit, Social Security card, physical examination, references, W-2 and W-4 forms
- 4. Is familiar with interviewing procedures
- 5. Reads and interprets classified ads
- 6. Is able to write letters in response to classified ads
- Knows use of telephone and relationship in seeking employment interviews and making inquiries
- 8. Is familiar with agencies (advantages and disadvantages) helpful in obtaining employment, e.g., Virginia Employment Commission, military service recruiters, private employment agencies, and less formal sources
- 9. Displays appropriate dress for interview
- 10. Displays knowledge of rights of a worker, benefits, responsibilities, Social Security, unemployment compensation, workmen's compensation, and major industrial group insurance protection benefits, labor laws, and union laws
- 11. Displays knowledge of factors related to choosing a job, i.e., salary job security, amount of time permitted to work, opportunities for advancement, fringe benefits, transportation to and from work, initial cost for tools, uniforms, etc., reputation, health, and safety factors
- 12. Can compute wages, i.e., time; time and a half, and double time
- 13. Recognizes advantages and disadvantages of changing jobs
- 14. Understands business terminology and its application to consumer needs, i.e., retail, wholesale, sale prices, discounts, guarantees, warranties, interest rates, down payments, charge accounts, credit cards, impulse buying, advertising, mail orders, and door-to-door sales
- 15. Understands budgeting and its application to present and future needs
- 16. Understands bank services, i.e., checking account, savings account, and borrowing money
- 17. Understands basic utilities, i.e., water, electricity, gas, and phone
- 18. Understands citizenship; political and governmental decisions, governmental theories, laws and rights relating to individual and groups, voting process, voter registration, and basic components of local



# judicial system

- 19. Understands foods: preparation, consumption and purchasing
- 20. Understands clothing materials: processes, purchasing
- 21. Understands types of housing such as apartments, houses and mobile homes, and advantages and disadvantages of buying or renting
- 22. Understands laws of supply and demand and their relationship to purchasing food, clothing, and housing
- 24. Understands advantages and disadvantages of purchasing a new or used automobile
- 25. Understands maintenance costs associated with an automobile for such things as tune-ups, battery, tires, gas, oil, major overhaul
- 26. Understands and utilizes leisure time
- 27. Understands basics of homemaking and family living
  - Emergency procedures
  - Babysitting responsibilities
  - Emotional needs of self and family
  - Care of pets
  - Care of house plants
- 28. Understands essentials of maintaining one's own health, i.e., nutrition, rest, body care, cleanliness, physical fitness, and the prevention and treatment of illnesses



VOCATIONAL CORE ARLA: CONSUMER AND HOME MANAGEMENT -- Child Caile

## The student:

# Vocational Skills

- 1. Knows basic food-handling procedures
- 2. Demonstrates communication skills necessary to relate to all ages of children
- 3. Demonstrates appropriate use of telephone necessary for making and receiving calls
- 4. Assists in supervision of indoor play
- 5. Assists in supervision of outdoor play
- 6. Assists in supervision of academic situations
- 7. Assists in supervision of feeding of children
- 8. Demonstrates appropriate gross and fine motor skills
- 9. Is familiar with procedures and policies of day care centers

# Personal Characteristics

- 1. Has interest in children
- 2. Exhibits confidence, poise, leadership and social responsibility
- Is patient
- 4. Is cheerful
- 5. Is in excellent health
- 6. Has physical energy, stamina
- 7. Is sympathetic and empathetic to problems of others
- 8. Relates well to people; asks questions, converses
- 9. Has clean personal habits
- 10. Is attentive
- 11. Has some degree of manual and finger dexterity and motor coordination
- 12. Follows directions
- 13. Works independently



14. Observes safety procedures

# Academic Skills

- 1. Has knowledge of development of children
- 2. Assists in supervision of children in their learning experiences including art, music, and recreational activities
- 3. Demonstrates mathematical skills necessary to take attendance, helps set table, and sets out appropriate academic materials at head teacher's request
- 4. Reads distinctly from nursery and pre-primer books

VOCATIONAL CORE AREA: PUBLIC SERVICE--Food Service

### The student:

# Vocational Skills

- 1. Clears dishes from table, cart, tray
- 2. Lifts and carries tray with food, dishes
- 3. Serves food--dining room, counter
- 4. Replenishes beverages, rolls; serve relishes
- 5. Portions out food to plates
- 6. Sets up or replenishs counter food, dishes, silver
- 7. Replenishestable supplies: salt, pepper, napkins, etc.
- 8. Carries, serves food outside dining room
- 9. Makes up tray according to diet list
- 10. Wraps food for carry-outs
- 11. Sets tables (partially, completely)
- 12. Makes sandwiches
- 13. Gathers ingredients, equipment; opens containers
- 14. Prepares simple foods: coffee, eggs
- 15. Prepares vegetables and fruits for cooking, or salads
- 16. Prepares meat for cooking
- 17. Stirs cooking food
- 18. Measures and combines ingredients for one or two kinds of food
- 19. Carves meat for serving
- 20. Takes orders
- 21. Counts money, use cash register
- 22. Conducts guests to table
- 23. Assembles menu card or folders
- 24. Mops floors; cleans up breakage, spills
- 25. Sweeps or vacuums floors, rugs, drapes
- 26. Washes, dusts, polishes furniture and fixtures

- 27. Scrubs and waxes floors by hand or machine
- 28. Washes windows
- 29. Cleans stove, refrigerator and related kitchen appliances
- 30. Polishes and burnishes silver; wrap
- 31. Scrapes dishes, trays, pans
- 32. Scours work tables, meat blocks, counter
- 33. Washes dishes, silver, pans (manual and machine)
- 34. Washes and dries dishes, silver by hand
- 35. Stores or shelves dishes, cooking utensils, silver
- 36. Uses care in handling dishes, prishable goods, glasses; use of safety procedures near heat; caution when handling knives
- 37. Sorts and shelves food products
- 38. Burns trash, operate incinerator
- 39. Cleans up outside areas

# Personal Characteristics

- 1. Works with limited supervision
- 2. Exhibits general physical strength, resistance to fatigue
- 3. Interacts with other employees and public, ask questions, converse
- 4. Demonstrates good grooming habits, accepted mannerisms
- 5. Works in close cooperation with other jobs
- 6. Demonstrates good gross/fine-motor coordinator
- 7. Follows directions
- 8. Has excellent health--free from communicable diseases
- 9. Works under pressure
- 10. Performs at a consistent, possibly rapid pace
- 11. Tolerates repetitive or monotonous tasks
- 12. Performs several activities at/or near same time
- 13. Performs timed, scheduled activities



# Academic Skills

- 1. Identifies, selects, and utilizes goods (color, texture, small, taste)
- 2. Identifies, selects, and utilizes food utensils
- 3. Identifies, selects, and utilizes cooking appliances, including ancillary equipment
- 4. Recognizes various quantities and/or portions of food (weights and measures)
- 5. Memorizes proper table setting procedures
- 6. Counting procedures -- ability to give change
- 7. Uses cash register properly
- 8. Reads menus proficiently (reading skill)
- 9. Sequence's arrangements
- 10. Sorts various items by physical properties (color, size, etc.)
- 11. Writes out food orders properly
- 12. Reads simple dials, gauges, thermometers, etc.
- 13. Locates or identifies by number, word, or other symbol

# VOCATIONAL CORE AREA: BUSINESS--Clerical

# The student:

# Vocational Skills

- 1. Folds papers
- 2. Ties with cord or srring
- 3. Removes staples
- 4. Staples paper
- 5. Punches paper
- 6. Cuts paper
- 7. Uses rubber stamp
- 8. Sharpens pencils
- 9. Unpacks materials
- 1Q. Shelves materials
- 11. Collates and sorts materials
- 12. Files alphabetically, numerically, and by subject
- 13. Seals envelopes
- 14. Stuffs envelopes
- 15. Wraps for mailing
- 16. Addresses envelopes from copy
- 17. Uses postage meter
- 18. Feeds addressograph
- 19. Stamps envelopes
- 20. Receives and sorts mail
- 21. Runs simple errands
- 22. Delivers messages
- 23. Uses telephone
- 24. Reads simple material.
- 25. Operates duplicating machine (hand/electric)
- 26. Uses time clock correctly
- 27. Identifies, selects, and utilizes office machines, equipment and supplies



# Personal Characteristics

- 1. Demonstrates good grooming habits acceptable mannerisms
- 2. 'Interacts with other employees
- 3. Works independennly
- 4. Tolerates repetitive tasks
- 5. Remembers directions, procedures, and nomenclature
- 6. Performs at consistent pace
- 7. Is punctual and reliable
- 8. Is aware of time and schedules
- 9. Performs within well-defined limits

# Academic Skills

- 1. Knows how to alphabetize
- 2. Recognizes and writes numbers
- 3. Uses proper telephone techniques
- 4. Writes messages
- 5. Understands and follows directions
- 6. Reads instructions



# VOCATIONAL CORE AREA: BUSINESS--Stock Cycrk

# The student:

# Vocational Skills

- 1. Loads and unloads merchandise
- 2. Transports by stock cart
- 3. Packages or boxes for shipment
- 4. Wraps or unwraps packages
- 5. Ties with string or rope
- 6. Seals packages
- 7. Uses gumming tape.
- 8. Packs merchandise
  - 9. Racks or shelves stock
  - 10. Sorts stock, cards, etc.
  - 11. Marks and/or remarks stock
  - 12. Stencils boxes
  - 13. Counts
  - 14. Alphabetizes
  - 15. Reads (labels, etc.)
  - 16. Delivers messages within building
  - 17. Makes local deliveries on foot or by bus or truck
  - 18. Writes messages (minimal)
- / 19. Uses telephone
  - 20. Weighs, measures (common weights and measures)

# Personal Characteristics

- 1. Demonstrates good grooming habits, accepted mannerisms
- 2. Interacts with other people
- 3. Demonstrates verbal abilities, asks questions, requests assistance
- 4. Is punctual and reliable
- 5. Follows directions, instructions, and procedures



- 6. Exhibits good general physical strength, stamina
- 7. Works independently
- 8. Uses caution when handling fragile items; observes procedures for lifting

# Academic Skills

- 1. Knows proper counting procedures relative to stocking merchandise
- 2. Knows alphabet
- 3. Knows common weights and measures
- 4. Knows basic directions relating to the delivery of merchandise
- 5. Writes simple messages
- 6. Uses proper telephone technique
- 7. Reads appropriately to locate and stock merchandise
- 8. Demonstrates number recognition skills necessary to identify adequately and mark stock
- 9. Arrange items in sequence



# VOCATIONAL CORE AREA: CONSTRUCTION -- Construction Helper

# The student:

# Vocational Skills

- 1. Loads and unloads equipment and materials
- 2. Uses common hand tools
- 3. Mixes sand, gravel, cement in correct proportions
- 4. Picks up scrap materials
- Cleans tools and equipment
- 6. Stores tools and equipment
- 7. Pushes wheelbarrow
- 8. Performs simple carpentry
- 9. Sorts materials as related to the various construction jobs
- 10. Paints (hand/spray gun)
- 11. Signals (flagman)
- 12. Maintains tools, equipment, and machinery
- 13. Knows proper lifting and carrying techniques
- 14. Works on team such as in loading and lifting
- 15. Observes safety standards and procedures

# Personal Characteristics

- 1. Exhibits physical strength and stamina
- 2. Is able to do repetitive tasks
- 3. Is punctual
- 4. Is reliable
- 5. Is able to work independently
- 6. Has verbal ability--asks and understands questions and directions
- 7. Follows directions, instructions, and procedures
- 8. Memorizes routine tasks
- 9. Wears suitable work attire



#### Academic Skills

- 1. Knows common weights and measures (proportions and ingredients)
- 2. Identifies, selects, and utilizes proper tools and equipment
- 3. Recognizes highway, safety, and construction signs
- 4. Is familiar with pertinent terminology
- 5. Has appropriate mathematical skills

#### SECTION VIII

#### CLASSROOM AND OCCUPATIONAL LABORATORY ORGANIZATION

In order to facilitate the implementation of the objectives for the secondary longitudinal curriculum, each classroom will be organized according to the following guidelines.

- 1. Simulated lab stations for scheduling individual and smallgroup hands-on activities relevant to the vocational interest area
- 2. Academic study areas for individual and small-group instruction
- 3. Resource centers containing supplementary research, instructional and career-oriented materials for independent study purposes

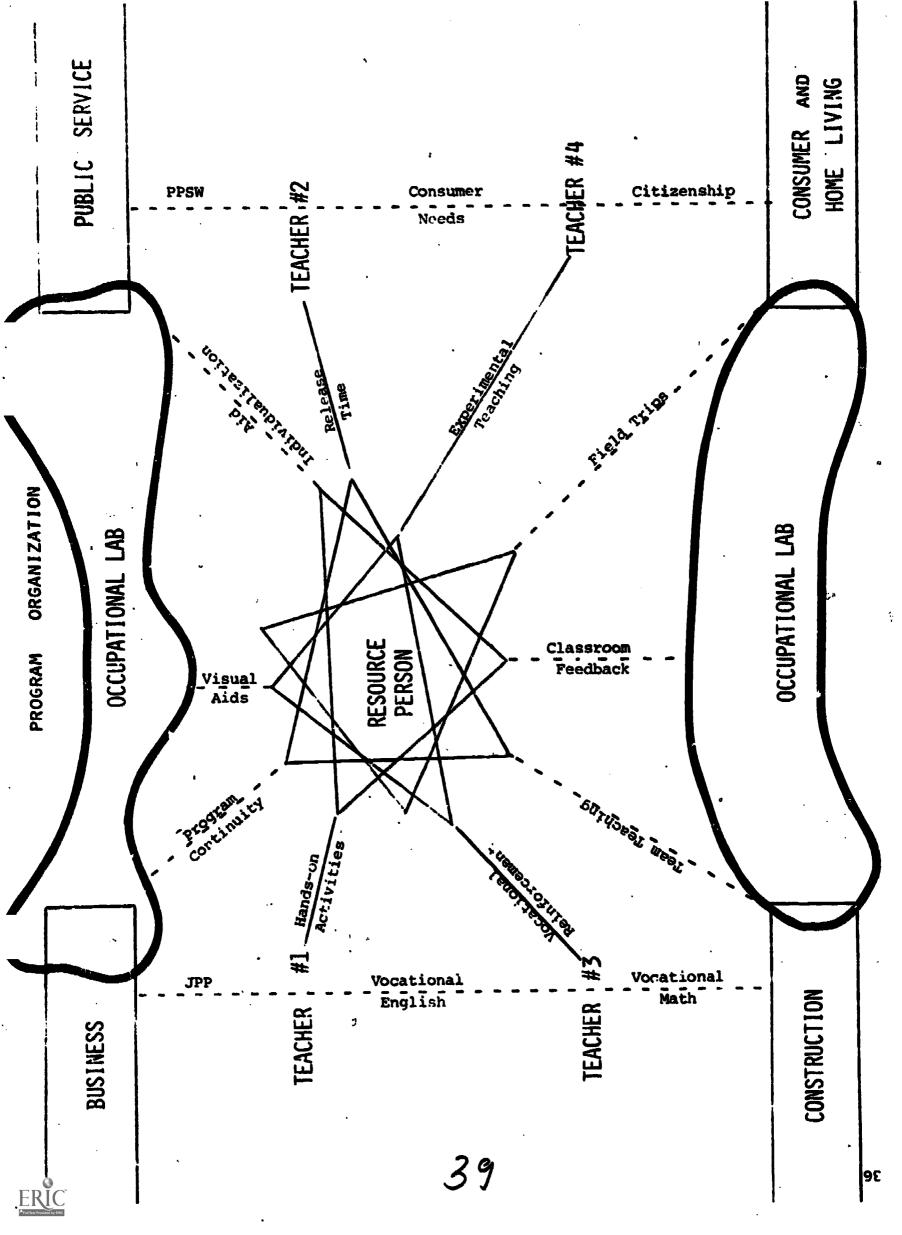
The occupational laborary facilities will provide the larger, more sophisticated equipment and materials required for intense practical application and instruction of vocational skills.

See the following sample diagrams:

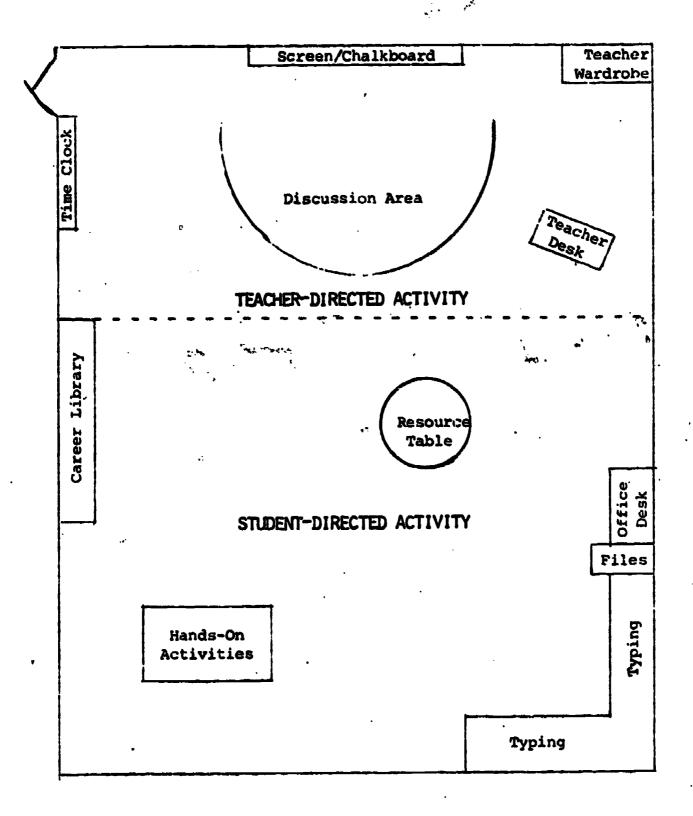
- 1. Program Organization
- 2. Classroom Model
- 3. Occupational Laboratory Model



38 35.



#### CLASSROOM MODEL



Occupational Occupational Library Separate Separ Screen/Chalkboard Time Clock Discussion Area Sink General Hands-on Equipment PLUMB I NG MODEL ELECTRICITY Construction and Public Service LAB Emphasis On: OCCUPATIONAL BRICKLAYING CARPENTRY AUTO MECHANICS AUTO-BODY Overhead Door WELDING 41

#### SECTION IX

#### PROGRAM FORMS

#### TO BE USED BY TEACHERS OF INTERMEDIATE AND HIGH SCHOOL MR PROGRAMS

- 1. Vocational area objectives form
- 2. Daily/weekly lesson plan forms
- Mid-year student progress reports

#### TO BE USED BY HIGH SCHOOL WORK-STUDY CHAIRMAN/JOB PLACEMENT PERSON

- Stude. .'s monthly production report
- 2. Parent/School/Student Work Study Policy Agreement
- 3. Employer/Student working contract
- 4. Early-release permission form (for working students only)
- 5. Employment record data sheet (for working students only)
- 6. Quarterly employer evaluation form (for working students only)
- 7. Student evaluation of work experience form (to be completed by working students at the termination of employment)
- 8. Monthly report of working students--copies in program file and to area MR specialist
- 9. Employer record form
- 10. PPSW Resumes for Students' Personal Files



42 39

#### SECTION X

#### PROGRAM EVALUATION COMPONENTS

The following personnel and curriculum components will be used to measure the general success of the MR curriculum guidelines for the 1974-75 school year.

- 1. Classroom teachers '
- 2. Resource/department chairmen
- 3. School principals
- 4. Area MR specialists
- 5. Area coordinators of special education
- 6. MR program specialist
- 7. Parents
- 8. Employers
- 9. Consultant to MR curriculum study
- 10. Daily objective and task sheets
- 11. Student attendance reports
- 12. Mid-year progress reports
- 13. Results of pre- and post-educational and pre- and post-vocational diagnoses
- 14. Behavioral changes due to new instructional emphases, e.g., vocational groupings and hands-on activities
- 15. Relevancy of program to students'actual area of vocational interest
- 16. Student evaluation of work experience



/3 41.

#### APPENDIX

The following survey form is an example of a survey that could be conducted to determine whether or not there is some consensus on the stated program goals and objectives.

It can be used with teachers, parent groups, administrators, and/or special interest groups.

It is not a complete survey to determine attitudes, values, or beliefs: It only measures whether or not people <u>tend</u> to agree with the basic principles.

If there appears to be disagreement, then another instrument could be developed which measures the extent of disagreement, and possibly the direction a re-formulation of goals and objectives would take.

The main ideas are first to find out how, in general, those surveyed perceive those goals, and secondly how they think such a concept could be implemented in the school.

If conducted in a public setting, it is important for the person or persons conducting the test to make sure that everyone understands the directions and what they are being asked to give their reactions to.



Ficase place a sheek rark in the appropriate spaces for each of the two sections. Ferception About the Cohor of as expressed by the statement) and in the section about Perception About Implementation, which been expressed whether or not you feet the consept could ever work in your school. DIRECTIONS:

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	Mildly retarded children should receive special					
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4	youth in jobs for which they have been specially trained by the tional education teachers should have some major responsibilities			-	-	
v.	the development and implementation of a program in occupational skills This kind of a program should be largely developed in			-	-	
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16.	diagnostic surveys to determine progress							-
	Every effort should be made to bring community and business							
17.	and labor leaders into the program's operations	_						-    - 
	The present academic curriculum ought to be oriented into the				i			
18.	proposed vocationally oriented curriculum for the MR youth		,				·	
	Parents should play a large role in the determination of the							i == -
19.	19. program plans and eventual implementation							

#### SUGGESTED TIME FRAME FOR IMPLEMENTATION

**OF** 

#### CURRICULUM FOR THE MILDLY RETARDED

#### Augus t

County and area inservice programs

#### September

- 1. MR specialist will have visited every MR program within area
- 2. A visitation schedule by MR specialist and area programs will have been determined
- 3. Program student numbers and plant facilities for programs will be firm
- 4. Tentative: September 16-18, 9 a.m. 12 noon--Curriculum Workshop for continuing education requirements--taught by Dr. Don Sharpes to all intermediate and high school resource/chairpersons, MR specialists

#### October

- 1. Teachers will have their classrooms and labs organized according to the curriculum guidelines
- Students will be grouped according to vocational interest areas
- 3. Materials and equipment needed by each program will have been determined
- 4. October 18--first meeting of all area MR specialists and the resource teachers/chairmen will be held for coordination purposes

#### November

Teacher inservice--to be more specifically planned after October 18 by area MR specialists and program specialists Possibilities:

- Mid-quarter evaluation with consultant
- Plans for cooperative vocational interschool projects
- Problem-solving of general areas in implementation

#### December

Teachers to begin work on mid-year student progress reports

#### January

- 1. Mid-year student progress reports sent to parents by area Special Education Divisions on January 28
- 2. Plans for biannual parent meeting

#### Mid-Spring

Countywide Career Fair for students in MR secondary programs-to be organized by area MR specialists



## OPINION SURVEY FORM

## SECONDARY CURRICULUM STUDY

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Specific vocational skills should be a part of the MR curriculum.  Specific vocational-skill training should be a part of the MR curriculum.  The major function of the program should be to promote academic skills.  Every child should work successfully after graduation from high school.  Children should get along with others (peers, supervisors, teachers).  Students should be given opportunity to explore a variety of occupational carvers.  Students should be given opportunity to explore a variety of occupational carvers.  Student should be able to choose vocation that he/she wishes to pursue.  Student should be involved in determining his/her school program.  Students should participate in evaluation of school program.  Parents should participate in evaluation of school program.  Principal involvement is necessary for successful program implementation.  Purent involvement is necessary for successful program implementation.  Teacher team planning is essential in order to develop a program for each student.			Not Import	Import	V. Imp
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	16.	order to develop a program for each			



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ne special educa		
19. Regular attendance is essential for student success in the program.		
20. Good health habits are essential for successful school progress and work.		
Mildly retarded children of this age level 21. need special attention from classroom teachers.	!	
A special effort needs to be made to insure the placement of these children and youth 22. in jobs for which they have been specially trained by the school.		
23. Counselors need to participate in this program,		
		v ·
The personalities of the teachers involved with the mildly 25. retarded are critical factors in the success of the program.		<u> </u>
Every effort should be made to bring community and business 27. and labor leaders into the program's operations.		
Parents should play a large role in the determination of the 28. program plans and eventual implementation.		



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**	acceptance of the consequences of personat	1	4	1		$\frac{1}{2}$	1		

Develop positive behaviors supporting democratic ideals and civic responsibilities, such as local and state government, and local judicial processes and laws.	Not Important Important Somewhat	Possible	Impossible Possible Somewhat Possible Very	Z Impossible
Important Very Important	Important Important	Possible Very Possible		Impossible
ant ant	ant	10		ıblı
sponsibili- ses and laws.				
ses and laws.				
increase the student's knowl-				
honesty, dependability, etc.	-			
Identify or develop a cluster of skills that the student's knowledge and prac-		•		
and subordi-				
ss, etc.	- - -			
the search for employment,				
	_			
Identify or develop a cluster of skills that the student's knowledge and practice of relationships with fellow workers; supervisors, customers, and subordinates, such as appearance and attire, respect for others' preferences, etc.  Application of develop's cluster of skills relating to the search for employment, the maintenance of employment, and the qualifications for promotion.				

General Objectives for Vocational Area

Basic Materials and Equipment Required æ.

Teacher

LESSON PLAN

•			RESULTS		
Teacher	Vocational Core	Week of	TEACHING STRA' GIES	.7	
			MATERIALS USED		
Student's Name	Grade Level		PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	53	



#### FAIRFAX COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS COOPERATIVE WORK-STUDY PROGRAMS MID-YEAR STUDENT PROGRESS REPORT

tudent's Name		Date	·		
Grade Level	Vccational	Area(s)	) <del></del>		
	POOR		FAIR	EXCELLENT:	
Punctualityattending class on time		•		1	
Attitude in class	والمستقسمة س	•			8
Following instructions and directions				<del></del>	
Responsibility for school property		-			
Working up to his/her capabilities		-	marijudha		
Completing assignments		-	معودتون		
Use of constructive criticism	<del></del>	-	<sub>.</sub>		
Peer relationships		-			
Faculty-staff relationships		-	•		
Accuracyperforming within well-defined tolerances	*****	-			
Decision-making abilityjudgement	·	-			v
Vocationally suitable appearance	-	<del>-</del>	•		
Initiativeperforming tasks without being told		-	المراجعة المرجعة		٠
Teamwork		<u>.</u>			-
Timingperforming timed, scheduled activities; aware of time		<u>-</u>			
Safety habits		<del></del>			•
Health habits		_			
Adaptabilityflexibility	<del>-1 1/4</del>	<del>-</del>	************		
Teranceconsistency of performance	-	·			
TEACHER COMMENTS:					
Should you wish to schedule a conference with department chairman, at	your child's	teachei	r, please _at your	contact_ earliest	con



Canary - Coordinator Pink - Employer Green - Parent

#### FAIRFAX COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Policy Agreement

FOR: Distributive Education

Industrial Cooperative Training

Vocational Office Training

Cooperative School Work-Study Program .

HIGH	SCHOOL	DATE

- 1. No student shall work on days when absent from school unless aivanced permission has been given by the coordinator. Violations of this will be treated as truancy. It is the responsibility of the student to notify the coordinator and the employer by 10 a.m. each day when absent.
- 2. Parents or guardians will assume responsibility for the conduct and safety of the student from the time of leaving school until reporting to job; likewise, from the time of leaving job until arrival at home.
- 3. On-the-job training is the responsibility of the school. A student shall not terminate his/her job without the approval of the coordinator. The coordinator must approve all jobs and reserves the right to change the student's job if deemed necessary.
- +. A student who loses his/her job due to negligance or misconduct may be dropped from the program and lose credit for the course.
- 5. Employment conditions, including total hours worked by the student, will be regulated by the coordinator and the employer. (Minimum 15 hours; maximum 28 hours). All students under 18 are required to have a work permit.
- 6. Transportation to and from the place of employment is the responsibility of the student. Transportation arrangements must meet with the approval of his/her parents and the school administration.
- 7. The student's <u>first responsibility is to the school</u>. It is the student's responsibility to make satisfectory arrangements with his/her employer concerning his/her work schedule on those occasions when the student's presence is necessary at school.
- 8. Students in cooperative work training programs are subject to all school regulations.
- 9. Unemployed students, upon completion of their daily classes, must either remain at school under supervision or engage in other activities as directed by the coordinator. Employed students, upon completion of their daily classes, must either report to their jobs, go home, or remain in school for a supervised activity as directed by the coordinator.

ERIC

1 of 2

- 10. The student will be expected to conform to the requirements of the school and the employer with respect to grooming.
- 11. The student shall conduct self in a manner that will reflect credit to self, school, and employer.
- 12. It shall be the responsibility of the student to submit necessary reports to the coordinator when required.

The undersigned have read and agree with the above policies:

	Student	Parent or Guar	dian .	
	•		•	
				•
			•	
9	Coomidmen	Principal		



#### SECONDARY SCHOOL

#### Shortened Schedule Contract - Student

Ι,	, a student at Secondary School,
wish to apply for a shortened	class schedule so that I may be employed at
I	will be scheduled to work days a week.
ly work hours will be from	to I agree that if I
should give up my job for any	reason I will notify my department chairman within two
days. I also agree that I wi	ll provide my own transportation and that I will leave
campus within ten mi	nutes of the conclusion of my last scheduled class.
·	
Date	Student's Signature
•	SECONDARY SCHOOL
Sh	ortened Schedule Contract - Parent
	, parent/guardian of,
request that	be allowed to leave school early to hold
lown a job. I understand tha	t will not be able to
carry a full schedule of clas	ses and will earn a reduced number of credits. I fully
igree:	
1.	is to provide his/her own transportation.
2.	will leave the school grounds at the conclusion
of his/her last sch	eduled class.
3. If for any reason e	mployment status changes, the department chairman will be
notified within a to	wo-day period.
Date	Parent's Signature



EMPLOYMENT RECORD SHEET FO .. REA WORK-STUDY PROGRAMS

TERM. DATE DATE (Year) HOURS (Day) SALARY DATE . KADUATION (Mo) BIRTHDATE POSITION HELD PHONE RECORD OF EMPLOYMENT PHONE ADDRESS SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER COMPANY & SUPERVISOR ADDRESS 58 NAME



# Principles and Fractices of Sectors of Merketsing

### Follow-Up Questionnaire

Sand	Complete in duplicate with pupil following each job experience.
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imployer	cord suggestions and
oddress of Employer	make comments for im- proving the training
ing do you feel about tour job? Please check:	program.)
q	
TARK IL.	
Do not like it.	
Feel indifferent.	
fast does vour job involve?	
dhat do you like hest about your job?	
that do you like leas, about your job?	
now did von get vour present job?By application Through employment agency	Jnterview
By job placement specialist Through teacher	Other*
*Explain	
Paid by hour?  Yes No If yes, what is the hourly rate?  Yes Yes No Definitely to you feel that training was a good investment?  Yes No Definitely to you feel that training was a good in your job that your training did not help you solve?	No.

What problems have you encountered in your job that your training helped you solve?



White Carlo Ser. A Tool 58 111. A. 1. 100

FAIREAN COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS - VOCATIONAL REHAMILITATION PROCESS

NONTHLY REPORT OF COOPERATIVE CART-TIME TRAINING PROGRAM

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٤	-	TOTAL FOUTS FOUTS				·. •		·						
	by nemo	STU.												
(City)	ind last name. th. Indicate "dropped" by name.	TYPE OF MORK STUDENT IS DOING	·						•			•	. a	
	# E	V.F. STATUS								·				-1 MM -40-7
12	give full f 5th of eac inate entin	GRADE	•	÷	.:		·				·			
(iiiiii School)	ist name first, and give les to supervisor by 5th n only and then eliminat	TYPE OF COOPERATING AGENCY												
(ac.)	List boys and girls alphabetically, last name first, and give full first Type or print in ink. Submit two copies to supervisor by 5th of each most Carry drepouts on report for one month only and then eliminate entirely.	PLÁCE OF EMPLOYMENT											·	0
(Name of Scordinator)		NAME OF STUDENT				6	O							1

#### TRANSPORT MORE MARKET

Supervisor:  Coordinator:  Kating Charti Student/cliv taill or given the following tasks shilly on what we not weary occording to the discretion of the tapervisor. Pictor rate in according to the discretion of task shall not be tapervisor.  Early + Sacisfactory - Needs Increverent  Were Dulles - Duttes  1.  2.  3.  4.  5.  6.  7.  8.  9.					•								1	of Smillstr	•.	
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Supervisor:  Cooldinator:  Karing Chari: Stadent/elle taill englete the following tasks daily or whole the resource of the magervisor. Place rate in accorder eith completion of task and quality of wark.  Eater: + Socialactory - Needs Indirectors  Needs Indirectors  1.  2.  3.  4.  5.  6.  7.  8.  9.		<i>:</i>			···-								***			
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Supervisor: Please add to this list any additional duties that arise with this job. 15. li. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 24. 27. 28.

Comments:

30.



62 Signature o

#### Cooperative Work-Study Program

#### PPSW Resume

DATE		
NAME	HEIGHT WEI	GHT AGE
ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMBER
(Street) (City)	(State)	
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER	PERSON TO CALL	
BIRTHDATE (Month) (Day) (Year)	SOCIAL SECURITY CARD NUMBER	
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION COUNSELOR		TELEPHONE
HIGH SCHOOL AREA WHERE YOUR HOME IS LO	OCATED	
Transportation to School		BUS NUMBER
Transportation to Work		_
Transportation Home		_
EMPLOYER		_
SUPERVISOR'S NAME	<i>a</i>	TELEPHONE
JOB DESCRIPTION		<u> </u>
WAGES PER HOUR	_	
WEEKLY WORK SCHEDULE: A.M. Monday	P.M.	HOURS WORKED
T and an		
Tuesday		
<del></del>		
Thursday		
Friday		
Saturday		
Sunday		
	TOTAL HOURS PER WEEK	
		•

